

Daily, Tri-Weekly, and Weekly.

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

## The News.

Sheridan has gone to Texas to attend to Gen. Kirby Smith. Mr. Smith will soon find something to do beside cotton stealing.

Both the Blairs are urged for places in the Cabinet. Can't there be room made for the old man now?

It is stated that Vice President Stephens is at Fortress Monroe with Jeff Davis.

## Crop Prospects.

By gentlemen who have travelled extensively, as well as by our State exchanges, we learn that the crop prospects are most excellent. The winter has been unusually favorable for fall sown grain, and spring wheat and barley never looked better at this time of year than those crops do now. The spring has been rather cold, wet and backward, but not sufficiently so as to render the getting in of grain too late. Corn was pretty much all in the ground last week, though a good crop may be tolerably certain if planted any time before the first of June. Farmers in this region have sown somewhat sparingly of spring wheat for fear of their old enemy, the chinch bug, but if that pest does not make its appearance there will be enough for a splendid harvest. We hear that the bugs have already thrown out pickets in one or two places, but not sufficiently numerous to do any serious damage. So far the season has been propitious and people are strong in the faith that the coming harvest will be one of great abundance.

The Louisville Journal is rejoiced at the thought that among the other nuisances that the war has set us free from, is the haughty and noisy insolence of South Carolina. There never was a people that showed less fighting propensity than the South Carolinians during Sherman's march through their State. They had eaten fire all their lives, a big conflagration apiece, but they fled to the swamps, quite willing no doubt to masticate mudpies.

Even their own women propose to put hoop-skirts on them. The first touch of danger transformed all their chivalry to abjectness as suddenly as the spear of Ithuriel changed a swelling toad to a devil, or the cup of Circe every creature into a hog.

The Boston board of trade has invited delegations from the boards of trade of St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Detroit and Milwaukee to visit that city during the month of June. About one hundred visitors are expected—merchants, railroad officers and others interested in promoting intercourse between the east and west. The visit will extend over three days, and will include a trip to Lawrence, and sail in the harbor, and a public dinner.

Mrs. JEFFERSON DAVIS.—The present wife of the arch traitor, who has been captured with him, is his second wife, the daughter of General Taylor, having died many years since. Mrs. Davis' maiden name was Verina Howell.

She is said to be a grand-daughter of General Howell, New Jersey. She is still a young woman, with a family, we believe, of four children.

The army appropriation act passed by the last Congress contains a provision that all officers below the rank of Brigadier General, who shall remain in the service until the close of the war, shall receive three months' pay proportionate to being mustered out of service—that is, three months' pay without the usual commutation for rations.

The Chicago Journal says that Charles A. Dana, Esq., formerly the managing editor of the New York Tribune, and late Assistant Secretary of War, has accepted a proposition to remove to Chicago, and assume the editorial management of the Chicago Daily Republican, the first number of which will be issued on the 20th instant.

Some citizens of Troy, on Saturday last, forwarded to General Grant a present that will "take his fancy." It is a box of cigars, one hundred in number, of the finest brand, and costing \$100. Each cigar has a paper holder, and the box itself is got up "regardless of expense."

An aged maiden lady in Charleston—so says the New South—has in her possession the table on which the Declaration of Independence was signed, which she indignantly refused to loan, in order that the South Carolina secession ordinance might be signed upon it.

A young woman in Dayton caught her hoop skirts in the platform of a car from which she was alighting after the train had got in motion, and hung suspended between the cars until rescued from her perilous position by a young man who dragged her off, breaking the skirt.

Details of colored troops, with intruding tools, are employed in burying the Union dead who have lain exposed on the battlefields around Richmond for a year past. Several hundred skeletons were interred near Cold Harbor.

The Hebrew congregations throughout the United States are requested to send contributions for the Lincoln Monument to Julius Hammerslough, of Springfield.

There is trouble among the Mormons. Joe Smith's son disputes Brigham Young's authority as Chief Priest and ruler.

Two people of Rockford got jubilant over the capture of Jeff Davis—hurrah him in effigy and made patriotic speeches.

## The Janesville Gazette.

VOLUME 9.

JANESVILLE, WIS., MONDAY, MAY 22, 1865.

NUMBER 78.

## State News.

The West Bend Post urges the citizens of that ambitious village to make an effort to get the Normal School located there. The Keweenaw Enterprise says farmers in that section are putting in larger crops than ever, both winter and spring grain looks well.—There are several cases of typhoid fever in Beaver Dam.—

At Fort Donelson, February 16th, 1862, he captured Major General S. B. Buckner, with 13,000 prisoners, 3,000 horses, about 5,000 stand of arms, 48 field pieces, 17 heavy guns and other military stores.

At Vicksburg, July 4th, 1863, he captured Lieutenant General Pemberton, with 20 general officers, 100 commissioned officers, and 29,000 men total amount of about 34,000. He also captured 128 pieces of field artillery and 90 siege guns, besides 83 pieces previously taken—total 301. Of small arms 45,000, with arms and munitions of war for 60,000 men, with a vast quantity of steamboats, locomotives, cotton, etc., and more important than all, the Mississippi.

As Vicksburg involved the surrender of Port Hudson, we have to credit to Grant the fruits gathered, 5,500 prisoners, 51 guns, 44,800 pounds of powder, 150,000 rounds of ammunition, 5,000 stand of arms, 2 steamers, and other stores. Arkansas Post, captured by a detachment from his command, adds 5,000 prisoners and 40 guns.

At Chattanooga, besides the brilliant feat of rescuing our beleaguered and endangered army and driving the enemy from a vastly superior position, he captured 6,000 prisoners and 40 guns. A detachment of his immediate command, under Weitzel, captured 3,000 prisoners, and 180 guns at Fort Fisher and Wilmington.

In the crowning campaign against Richmond, he destroyed a rebel army of 60,000 men, all of whom were either killed, wounded, dispersed or captured. In the final surrender of Appomattox Court House, April 19th, 1865, 26,000 prisoners, 16,000 stand of arms, 160 cannon, 70 flags, 1,000 wagons, 4,000 horses were all that remained; but at Richmond Weitzel had previously reported the capture of 800 guns, and a considerable number must have been captured at Petersburg.

This surrender involved the subsequent surrender of Johnston with 25,000 prisoners and over 90 guns, and must be followed by similar surrender of the armies of Dick Taylor, probably 12,000, Kirby Smith and McGruder, estimated at 25,000. It would be safe to say that, including the captured not above numerated, two hundred thousand men and two thousand guns have been captured by Gen. Grant, and as the immediate results of his victories. His grand total of captures are at least twice as great as the forces under his command at any one time. When we add to these figures the rebel killed and wounded at Donelson, at the battle before Vicksburg, at Chattanooga and at the Wilderness, the last of which is estimated to have amounted to sixty thousand and it will appear that Gen. Grant has put *hors de combat* not less than three hundred and fifty thousand rebels in captured, killed, wounded and dispersed. True, some of these successes were obtained by desperate fighting and severe losses, but impartial history will declare that we could not have Vicksburg without Shiloh, nor Richmond without the terrific battles of Spotsylvania. In the light of the whole record, now complete, every one of Grant's campaigns is demonstrated to have been a success. The temporary laurels won by Lee, Johnston, and other rebel chiefs, but their tribute to Grant's enduring fame, which like Moses' divinely consecrated rod, swallowed up all the others.—*Tribune*.

TWELFTH GRAND GIFT CONCERT, of the New York and Chicago Gift Concert Company, under the direction of Prof. F. W. Miles, will be given in Lappin's Hall, on Tuesday evening, May 30, 1865. The management have the honor of announcing to the citizens of Janesville, that their 12th Grand Gift Concert will be given in this city as above. It is intended that it shall surpass anything of the kind ever presented in Wisconsin. There are 1,600 tickets and 125 prizes, consisting of articles of utility and ornament. The enterprise will be conducted upon the same plan as the other brilliant entertainments of the series, given in Chicago, Burlington, Peoria, Bloomington, Quincy, Galesburg and Davenport, in some of which places they were given two or three times. The entertainment will be in two parts. First, the concert, which will consist of choice selections of popular and operatic music, sustained by a combination of first class artists under the direction of Prof. Miles. Details will be given in concert program.

Second, the drawing and distribution of prizes. These are 125 in number, ranging in value from \$500 downwards, at regular retail prices. They will be presented in the Hall the evening of the Concert, and presented at once to the drawers.—*Tribune*.

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CORNER STONE.—We understand that the corner stone of the Church of the Messiah, on the corner of Court and Bluff streets, will be laid with appropriate exercises next Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. Robert Collyer, of Chicago, one of the most eloquent and interesting speakers in the West, is to make the address.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The court has been engaged to-day on the case of Cornelius Parrott and Benjamin Parks against Ira Rockwell—a case of ejectment. It had not been given to the jury when we went to press. Williams and Todd for plaintiff, and Cunger & Hanes for defendant.

The whole number of convalescents in hospitals here to be discharged, will be 50,000. Their papers are being made out as fast as possible.

WASHINGON, May 22.—A special to the *Tribune* says the delegation from North Carolina now in that city assert that the party known during the war as the conservative party in that State, was, in reality, composed nearly of Union men who were compelled to assume the guise of opposition to the ultra advocates of secession, and that two years ago Gov. Vance was elected to his position as a professed representative of that party but that he betrayed those who placed him in power, by becoming the tool of Jeff Davis.

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MONDAY, MAY 22, 1865.

Breckenridge.

A Nashville dispatch to the Cincinnati *Gazette*, stated that on the 9th instant, Jeff Davis divided the specie with which he was attempting to escape, among his personal escort, and informed those with him that they must look out for themselves, while he, with Benjamin, Breckinridge, Reagan and some others, set out by the nearest route to reach the coast of Florida. From this it would appear that Breckinridge and Benjamin were with the rebel chief at the time of his capture, and succeeded in making their escape. The Richmond *Whig* states that Breckinridge, Benjamin, and Trenholm did not accompany Davis, but went off from Charlotte in a different direction, taking the specie with them.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* speaking of the persons implicated in the assassination of the President, says:—"The first feeling which the visitor experiences on entering the room is one of amazement at the conspicuous meanness, coarseness and vulgarity of the prisoners. There is not one of them, perhaps, excepting Mudd and Mrs. Surratt, who has sufficient character to enter into any such a conspiracy, from any motive less base than money. None of the rest have apparently enough personal independence and moral purpose, for even treason to fasten energetically upon, and Payne is obviously one of those brutes at large who would just as readily have undertaken to kill Davis as Seward if he had been hired for that job."

JEFFERSON DAVIS was born in Christian County, Kentucky, June 3, 1808, and is now nearly 57 years of age. He graduated at West Point in 1828. He resigned from the army in 1835, being then a 1st Lieutenant of dragoons. He resigned his seat in the house of representatives in 1846, to take command of the Mississippi regiment in the Mexican war. He was appointed secretary of war in 1853, and left that office when Buchanan became president, and was returned to the senate. His career as Sec'y of War was distinguished by a revision of the army regulations; the introduction of the light infantry or rifle system of tactics; the use of the Minie ball; of rifled guns; the introduction of canons; augmentation of the army, &c.

"Admiral" Semmes, of the late "Confederate navy," together with Captain Dunnington, who commanded the so-called Confederate James River Squadron, also a number of other rebel navy officials, are roaming about in the South, seeking an opportunity to escape through some obscure and unguarded port. They separated themselves from the rest of the fugacious rebel government at Charlotte, N. C., and it is said declared their purpose not to live any longer than necessary in America, but to seek out some lonely island in the Pacific, and there to pass the remainder of their days in an effort to realize their peculiar notions of liberty and independence.

The recent visit of Professor Silliman to California, Nevada and Arizona, and his report on the mineral and oleaginous resources of that country, are worthy of mature consideration. He states that in Nevada there exists, in a single limited area of six miles in width and forty miles in length, more precious metal than has been touched as yet in California, Australia or Russia. Those who are familiar with the mines do not doubt this, and the permanency of these mines seems to be established by the constant opening of new and rich ledges of gold and silver from this point northward.

A DELEGATION of Congressmen, with Jas. M. Ashley at their head, called on the President Wednesday for the purpose of protesting against any action on the part of the Government which shall extend the rights of prisoners of war to those officers and privates in the late rebel service, who have consented to the murder and starvation of our men when prisoners of war. It is understood President Johnson agreed with the delegation, and will proceed to act upon their representations by directing that testimony be taken upon the subject.

THE QUEEN'S REPLY TO THE PARLIAMENTARY ADDRESS.—The reply of the Queen to the address of the houses of Parliament in reference to the assassination of President Lincoln, was presented in both houses on the 4th inst. The Queen's reply was singularly brief and in the following words:

I entirely participate in the sentiments you have addressed to me on the assassination of the President of the United States, and I have given directions to my Minister at Washington, to make known to the government of that country the feelings which you entertain in common with myself and my whole people, with regard to that deplorable event.

The identical Palmetto flag which was suspended in the Capitol at Columbia, South Carolina, upon the organization of the secession convention in December, 1860, was captured at Columbia by Gen. Blair, and was presented to Gov. Fletcher, of Missouri. When the flag was first suspended in Secession Hall, Lawrence M. Keitt uttered the following words: "We have carried the body of this Union to its last resting place, and now we will drop the flag over its grave."

It has been supposed that the position of mistress of the White House would be assumed by Mrs. Stover, the daughter of President Johnson, in consequence of the ill health of Mrs. Johnson. A Knoxville correspondent says that she recently left that place for Greenville, where she will probably remain during the summer, as the loss of her husband, who was killed in the battle of Nashville, last fall, unites her for the stir and excitement of life at the White House.

## The Question of To-day.

John G. Whittier writes in *The Villager* (Amesbury, Mass.) his views of the present danger of our country and duty of her loyal people, from which we quote as follows:

"In spite of all revelations of the utterly barbarous character of Slavery, and its direful effect upon all connected with it, we are on the very point of trusting to its most criminal defenders, the task of re-establishing the State Governments of the South, leaving the real Union men, white as well as black, at the mercy of those who have made hatred a religion and murder a sacrament. The nation needed one more terrible lesson. It has it in the murder of its beloved Chief Magistrate and the attempted assassination of its honored prime minister, the two men of all others prepared to go farthest to smooth the way of defeated Rebellion back to allegiance.

"Even now, the lesson of these terrible events seems but half learned. In the public utterances I hear much of punishing and hanging leading traitors, fierce demands for vengeance, and threats of the summary chastisement of domestic sympathizers with treason, but comparatively little is said of the accused cause—the prolific mother of abominations—Slavery. The Government is exhorted to remember that it does not bear the sword in vain; the Old Testament is ransacked for texts of Oriental hatred, and examples of the revenges of a semi-barbarous nation; but as respects the 4,000,000 of unmistakably loyal people of the South, the patient, long-suffering, kind-hearted victims of oppression, only here and there a voice pleads for their endowment with the same rights of citizenship which are to be accorded to the rank and file of disbanded rebels. The Golden Rule of the sermon on the Mount is not applied to them. Much is said of executing justice upon rebels; little of justice to loyal black men. Hanging a few ringleaders of treason, it seems to be supposed, is all that is needed to restore and re-establish the revolted States. The negro is to be left powerless in the hands of the 'white trash,' who hate him with a bitter hatred, exceeding that of the large slaveholders.

"In short, four years of terrible chastisement—of God's unmistakable judgments—have not taught us, as a people, their lesson, which could scarcely be plainer if it had been written in letters of fire on the sky. Why is it that we are so slow to learn, so unwilling to confess that SLAVERY is the accursed thing which whets the knife of murder, and transforms men, with the exterior of gentlemen and Christians, into fiends? How pitiful is our exultation over the capture of the wretched Booth and his associates! The great criminal, of whom he and they were but paltry instruments, still stalks abroad in the pine woods of Jersey, where the State has thrown around him her legislative sanction and protection. He is in Pennsylvania thrusting black men from public conveyances. Wherever God's children are despised, insulted and abused on account of their color, there is the real assassin of the President still at large. I do not wonder at the indignation that has been awakened by the late outrage, for I have painfully shared it. But let us see that it is rightly directed. The hanging of the score of Southern traitors will not restore Abraham Lincoln nor atone for the mighty loss. In wreaking revenge upon these miserable men, we must see to it that we do not degrade ourselves and do dishonor to the sacred memory of the dead. We do well to angry; and, if need be, let our wrath wax seven times hotter, until that which 'was a murderer from the beginning' is consumed from the face of the earth. As the people stand by the grave of Lincoln let them lift their right hands to heaven and take a solemn vow upon their souls, to give no sleep to their eyes nor slumber to their eyelids, until Slavery is hunted from its last shelter, and every man, black and white, stands equal before the law.

"In dealing with the guilty leaders and instigators of the Rebellion, we should beware how we take counsel of passion. Hatred has no place beside the calm and upright dignity of justice. Human life is still a very sacred thing; Christian forbearance and patience are still virtues. For my own part, I should be satisfied to see the chiefs of the great treason go out from among us homeless, exiled forever, with the brand of Cain on their foreheads, carrying with them, wherever they go, the avenging Nemesis of conscience. We can not take lessons, at this late day, in their school of barbarism; we cannot starve and torture them as they have starved and tormented our soldiers. Let them live. Perhaps that is, after all, the most terrible penalty. For wherever they hide themselves the story of their guilt will pursue them—they can have no rest nor peace save in that deep repentance, which, through the mercy of God, is possible even for them.

"I have no disposition to stand between these men and justice. If arrested they can have no claim to exemption from the liabilities of criminals. But it is not simply a question of their deserts that is to be considered; we are to take into account our own reputation as a Christian people, the wishes of our best friends abroad, and the humane instincts of the age, which forbid all unnecessary severity."

"And I don't think you ought to insist on an arrangement that is really disagreeable to me," says the lady.

"And I don't think you ought to insist on an arrangement that is really disagreeable to me," says the gentleman.

"Well, if for my part my love, I think the appearance of the room would be spoiled if you filled up the bow-window. Think what a lovely place it would be in it."

"Just as if we couldn't sit there behind the piano, if we wanted to," said the lady.

"But then, how much more ample and airy the room looks as you open the door, and see through the bow-window down that little glen, and that distant peep of the village spire!"

"But I never could be reconciled to the piano standing in the corner in that way," says the lady. "I insist upon it, it ought to stand in the bow-window; it's the way mamma's stands, and Aunt Jane's, and Mrs. Wilcox's; and every body has their piano so."

"If it comes to insisting," says the gentleman, "it strikes me that is a game two can play at."

"Why, my dear, you know a lady's parlor is her own ground,"

"Not a married lady's parlor, I imagine. I believe it is at least equally her husband's, as he expects to pass a good portion of his time there."

"But I don't think you ought to insist on an arrangement that is really disagreeable to me," says the lady.

"And I don't think you ought to insist on an arrangement that is really disagreeable to me," says the gentleman.

"And now Hero's cheeks flush, and her spirit burns within as she says—

"Well, if you insist upon it, I suppose it must be as you say; but I shall never take any pleasure playing on it," and Hero sweeps from the apartment, leaving the visitor very unhappy in his conquest.

"He rushes after her, and finds her upstairs, sitting disconsolate and weeping on a packing-box.

"Now, Hero, how silly! Do have your own way. I'll give it up."

"No—let it be as you say. I forgot it was a girl's duty to submit."

"Nonsense, Hero! Do talk like a rational woman. Don't let us quarrel like children."

"But it's so evident that I was in the right."

"My dear, I cannot concede that you were in the right; but I am willing it should be as you say."

"Now I perfectly wonder, Leander, that you don't see how awkward your way is. It would make me nervous every time I came into the room, and it would be so dark in that corner that I never could see the notes."

"And I wonder, Hero, that a woman of your taste don't see how shutting up that bow-window spoils the parlor. It's the very prettiest feature of the room."

"And so round and round they go, stating and restating their arguments, both getting more and more nervous and combative, both declaring themselves perfectly ready to yield the point as an oppressive exaction, but to do battle for their own opinion as right and reason—the animal instinct of self-will meanwhile rising and growing stronger and stronger on both sides. But meanwhile in the heat of argument some side-issues and personal reflections fly out like splinters in the shivering of lances. He tells her, in his heat, that her notions are formed from deference to models in fashionable life, and that she has no idea of adaptation,—and she tells him that her domineering, and dictatorial, and wanting to have everything his own way; and in fine this battle is fought off and on through the day, with occasional amanuiscles of kisses and making up,—treacherous truces, which are broken up by the fatal words, "My dear, after all, you must admit I was in the right," which of course is the signal to fight the whole battle over again."

JOHNSTON'S SURRENDER FORBIDDEN BY JEFF. DAVIS.—Gen. Johnston surrendered his army in positive disobedience to the order of Mr. Davis, who instructed him to disband his infantry, spike his artillery, and form with his cavalry an escort for the government in its flight. Gen. Johnston received this order with undisguised indignation. He immediately replied that he had three duties to consider: First of all, that which he owed to the officers and soldiers under his command; second, that which was due to the country, composed of the families of those brave men; and lastly, which was now the most inferior of all, that which he owed to his superiors in command. In the conflict between these duties, he should disregard the last and obey the two first. The surrender was made in accordance with this determination.—Richmond *Whig*.

"We are victors—the cause of all this evil and suffering is removed forever—and we can afford to be magnanimous. How better can we evince our gratitude to God for His great mercy than in doing good to those who have hated us, and in having compassion on those who have deservedly used us. The Lord is hastening for us all when our sole ground of dependence will be the mercy and forgiveness of God. Let us endeavor so to feel and act in our relations to the people of the South that we can repeat in sincerity the prayer of our Lord: 'Forgive those who trespass against us, reverently acknowledging that He has indeed led captivity captive; and received

gifts for men; yea, for the rebellious also, that the Lord God might dwell among them.'—J. G. W."

DOMESTIC SKETCH.—The "Bow-Window." [From the last *Chimney Corner* paper in the Atlantic, Mrs. Stowe's treatise of "The Little Fox" Persiflage or self-will, and draws an admirable picture of people who are "set in their way." We make the subject extract:—

"Our hero and Leander, then, who are arranging their cottage to-day, are examples just in point. They have both of them been only children, both the idols of circles where they have been universally deferred to. Each in his or her own circle has been looked upon as a model of good taste, and of course each has the habit of exercising and indulging very distinct personal tastes. They truly, deeply, esteem, respect and love each other, and for the best of reasons,—because there are sympathies of the highest kind between them. Both are generous and affectionate—both are highly cultured in intellect and taste, both are earnestly religious; and yet, with all this, let me tell you that the first year of their married life will be worthy to be recorded as a year of battles." Yes, these friends so true, these lovers so ardent, these individuals in themselves so admirable, cannot come into the intimate relations of life without an effervescence as great as that of an acid or the alkali, both being in the way of the very best quality.

The reason of all this is, that both are intensely "set in their way," and the ways of the revenges of a semi-barbarous nation; but as respects the 4,000,000 of unmistakably loyal people of the South, the patient, long-suffering, kind-hearted victims of oppression, only here and there a voice pleads for their endowment with the same rights of citizenship which are to be accorded to the rank and file of disbanded rebels. The Golden Rule of the sermon on the Mount is not applied to them. Much is said of executing justice upon rebels; little of justice to loyal black men.

"Even now, the lesson of these terrible events seems but half learned. In the public utterances I hear much of punishing and hanging leading traitors, fierce demands for vengeance, and threats of the summary chastisement of domestic sympathizers with treason, but comparatively little is said of the accused cause—the prolific mother of abominations—Slavery.

The Government is exhorted to remember that it does not bear the sword in vain; the Old Testament is ransacked for texts of Oriental hatred, and examples of the summary chastisement of domestic sympathizers with treason, but comparatively little is said of the accused cause—the prolific mother of abominations—Slavery.

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# The Janesville Gazette.

## Miscellaneous.

### U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

WANTED—By a prompt paying tenant with small family a comfortable residence with more rooms. Address Lock Box 50.

WANTED—To purchase, or lease for a term of years, a small portion of the town. Address L. E. D. Postoffice May 25th.

FOR SALE.—A good second hand carriage for sale. Enquire at this office.

FOR SALE.—I offer for sale my house on Main street. The grounds are well stocked with shrubbery and fruit. A. K. ALLEN.

FOR SALE.—Two full building lots in the new Ward's addition, in the Third Ward. The soil is good, great bargain. Inquiry of D. C. Raynor, at the Postoffice.

WHO WANTS A HOME?—The House and Lot of six acres next South of my residence, known as the Pack property, is offered for \$1,000.00. J. D. REED, April 26th, 1865.

SCHOOL AND UNIVERSITY LANDS.—Any person wishing to pay interest, taxes, or principal on Lands due to the State of Wisconsin, can do so through the Rock County National Bank, Janesville, Wis., April 20, 1865. ap20dawinjune865

BUILDING AND OTHER LOTS.—For sale at very low prices on liberal terms of credit, several desirable lots in the city of Janesville, Rock and Milwaukee. Address: J. S. NIXON, January 9th, 1865.

FOR SALE.—23 wood lots situated near Rockville, Rock county. Also 32 wood lots, each suitable for a farm, having wood land sufficient on a surplus of the owner's income exceeding six hundred dollars a year. This fact increases their value from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate levied on other property.

### SUBSCRIBE QUICKLY.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, late of Boston, Mass., begs leave to present his compliments to the citizens of Janesville, and to request a share of their patronage.

THE DEAN, and Faculty of Harvard Med. Col., and the Staff of the Boston Hospital.

A. P. BREWSTER, M.D., Office and residence on Main St., opposite the J. J. STEVENS.

\$25 REWARD will be paid by

the undersigned to any person who will

discover and procure the conviction of the person who

tore down and destroyed his fence around his pasture in the northeast corner of the city of Janesville, be-

ing the property of W. Payne's, east of W. W. Wirtz's, and

out of the Cemetery.

McKEY & BRO., Janesville.

May 16, 1865.

WOOD FOR SALE.—McKey &

Bro. have for sale 500 cords dry wood.

Also 200 cords ready for use, for sale by the cord, has a large quantity in the rear of the city.

Orders left with Mr. Grange, our Gaffer, will receive immediate attention. Clips for summer use will be delivered at \$2.00 per cord.

McKEY & BRO., Janesville.

TO RENT.—For one or more years,

the brick building immediately opposite the Taylor House, the very best house in this city for the purpose of erecting a hotel. It consists of a Blacksmith Shop with four stalls, Wagon Shop and large room over the latter building used for a paint shop. For terms, &c., &c., apply to

McKEY & BRO., Janesville.

HANG THE TRAITORS!

And don't forget it you can always find plenty of SOAP at the Factory on Main St.

ROCK SOAP delivered by the barrel in any part of the city.

N.—Ashes and all kinds of grease wasted in ex-

change.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000, PAID IN,

Fiscal Agent of the United States,

AND SPECIAL AGENT FOR JAY COOKE, Subscription

AGENT,

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF JANEVILLE.

ROCK COUNTY NATIONAL BANK OF JANEVILLE.

W.M. KNOWLES.

Janesville, May 12th, 1865.

FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS.—A lot situated on Court St., between Jansenville and Sinclair St., North side. Requires below.

Also for sale, a farm of 160 acres, well fenced, with dwelling house and out-buildings, on Rock Prairie, 2½ miles northeast from city limits. Also a good

enough at Brown & Co's Hat, Cap & Hat Store, H. M. HART,

Mar 24th, 1865.

FOR SALE.—I now offer for sale a desirable two and a half story dwelling on the West side of Rock river in the town of Rock. Said farm contains 150 acres, 110 acres productive good cultivation and 40 acres of timber and pasture land, 100 acres of which are fine ornamental trees, shrubs, &c. The building is good, well repaired. The barn is a good basement stable, the house is a large two-story building. I have one of the best teams of horses, 11 feet from the house and 75 feet from the barn, good riding, also a fine good stone milk house close to the spring, and a good stone quarry. For further information enquire of the author, or the premises or at Brown & Co's Hat Store, No. 4, Main Street, or at the office of D. W. DUNLAP, Jan 10th, 1865. Jan 10th, 1865.

## Miscellaneous.

W. W. DEXTER & CO.,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Jansenville and vicinity that they have a good and well selected stock.

CLOCKS, WATCHES,

JEWELRY,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Fancy Bottles,

GOLD PENS, TOYS, &C.,

which are prepared to sell, as well as any good

hardware in the west. Mr. Dexter is prepared to do all and every kind of

CLOCK WATCH

AND

JEWELRY REPAIRING,

on the shortest notice. Having had a

PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE

of 30 years in the trade, and having carried on business in Beloit and this city for the past fifteen years, he is willing to refer to any and all of his customers, for his fair dealing, and the

ACCURACY OF TIME

that his watch and clock repairing has given them.

DEXTER & CO.,

Main St., between Milwaukee and North 1st Streets, Janesville, Wis.

des 28th, 1865.

ALL hall creation far and near,

At Arnold's Store you now shall hear:

Let pealing drums and cawing's a'ar.

Proclaim the news from shore to shore.

Direct largess sure are on the wing,

Rate wonders that we now will sing.

Our store is situated on Main Street;

We make up our clothing every inst.

Frock and Stock Coats to suit you all.

And all we ask is—give me all.

Frocks and Tots, both common and fine,

And all other goods suitable in our line.

White Gown and Under Shirts to suit every one,

The rich and the poor, the old and the young.

Collar and Neckties of every stamp.

Hosiery and Gloves come next in rank.

A great many goods too numerous to mention.

To which we give our special attention.

Let all repair with willing feet.

To Myers Block—Main Street.

And, most, undoubtedly, all should go.

To Union Clothing House, ARNOLD & CO.,

Mar 28th, 1865. Janesville, Wis.

FRUIT JARS.

A large assortment of the best kinds just received.

WHEELOCK'S.

Also a small lot of these fair minute

ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

A good assortment of

Ice Pitchers, Water Coolers & Filters.

Some new patterns, Zinc Tinned Ware, and a large variety of household goods, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Plate, Woolen Goods, &c.

Prices put down to correspond with gold.

Janesville, Wis., May 16th, 1865. ap16dawinjune865

CIGARS.—Persons desiring a fine cigar, can find some choice "Austins" at the

PENNSYLVANIA DRUG STORE.

ap24dawinjune865

TO THE LADIES!

Spring & Summer Fashions

Miss O'Dea & Sister have just received from

the east a large and fashionable stock of

MILLINERY GOODS,

and will have a fresh supply of the newest styles every week during the season.

Each week we will receive with an assortment of elegant and fashionable goods from the best manufacturers and workmanship, which, to suit the taste of the ladies, at a price that the market affords.

Remember, the price is always the same.

Entire Stock in the City.

ECHLIN & FOOTE,

West and West Milwaukee Street.

Call soon.

AND

SAVE MONEY.

ap24dawinjune865

LADIES PAPER COLLARS AND

CUFFS.—

A FINE STOCK!

ECHLIN & FOOTE,

West and West Milwaukee Street.

Call soon.

AND

REGARD TO COST.

Any person wanting a good business stamp, will

please call immediately.

Stock and fixtures for sale, myldawinjune865

ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Some new patterns, Zinc Tinned Ware, and a large variety of household goods, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Plate, Woolen Goods, &c.

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ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

Some new patterns, Zinc Tinned Ware, and a large variety of household goods, Crockery, Glassware,

# THE JANESEVILLE GAZETTE.

## Special Notices.

### REMOVAL:

Mr. B. B. JOHNSON has removed to Jackman & Smith's New Building, over the Rock County Bank, where he will wait upon his friends and customers in any department of dentistry.

### HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

Batchelor's Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye-Harmonizes Instantaneous and Brilliantly—produces a splendid Black or Natural Brown—removes the ill effects of Bad Dyes, and frequently restores the original color. Sold by all Drug-gists. The genius is signed W. A. Batchelor, 81 Broadway, New York.

### TO CONSUMPTIVES.

### COLGATE'S HONEY SOAP.

This celebrated Toilet Soap, in such universal demand, is made from the choicest materials, is solid and emollient in its nature, fragrantly scented, and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all Druggists and Fancy goods Dealers.

Jan'dawly

### Crockery & Cutlery.

### A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CROCKERY

and

### HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

at

### WHEELOCK'S,

Consisting in part of White-Graffiti Ware, China and Yellow Ware, several styles of Plain White Bone China Ware and the celebrated Lily Pattern and other patterns. Also a large stock of Cutlery in the West. At this House imports its own Crockery, wholesale and retail buyers will do well to look at the price before going to Chicago, Milwaukee, or even New York.

### A large stock of the latest styles of

### GOLD BAND

and

### WHITE FRENCH CHINA,

Imported when gold was low.

Tin Sets, Dinner Ware, Fruit Baskets, Cake Baskets, Ice Cream Shells, Deco- rated Spoons, Plates and Saucers, Porcelain Ware, Lava Ware, Ruby and Crystal Cut Glass.

### A large assortment of

### VASES, COLOGNE BOTTLES,

Care Receivers, Match Boxes, Powder Boxes.

A fine stock of Toys at Wholesale and Retail. Toy

### KEROSENE LAMPS,

Lanterns, and all kinds of Kerosene Goods.

Parlor Lamps, Bracket Lamps, Gas and Kerosene Shades, Globes, Brushes, Wicks, Burners, Chimneys, Glass Cones, Icing Glass, Candy Molds, Crates, Lamps Repaired.

A large variety of Household Goods, Cutlery, Spoons, Forks, Cesters, Cake Baskets, Berry Dishes, Sals, Nuts, Bells, Butter Knives, Sugar Shells, Pickle Forks, Ladies, Pie, Cake, Fish and Fruit Knives, Gold Plated Egg Spoons, Napkin Rings, etc.

Prepared only by A. PALMER & SON, Janesville, Wis. Price 50 Cts. Sold by Druggists.

A Wholesale Agent for Chicago, Punsham & Van Schack, 10 Lake St.

Price 50 Cts. Sold by Druggists.

\$100,000 WANTED.

### WANTED BY

### M'KEY & BRO.,

FROM

### One Dollar to \$100,000

OF

### Wisconsin Encurrent Bank Bills,

For which we will pay the

### HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH.

To City and Country Merchants we would say that for

### GOOD LARGE LOTS

We will pay a price which will enable them to take it at a

### SMALL DISCOUNT

For Merchandise.

MCKEEY & BRO.,

101 Main St.,

H. B. Gold, S. S. April 18th, 1865.

Janesville, April 18th, 1865.

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED

AT

### SMITH & BOSTWICK'S.

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT

OF

### SPRING & SUMMER CLOTHS

AND

### CASSIMERES,

Embracing some of the

### Very Choicest Novelties

IN

### PATTERN AND STYLE

That have ever been exhibited in this city. All of

which having been purchased within the last week, we are enabled to offer at prices that will defy any at tempt at competition.

Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call upon us and examine the above goods.

SMITH & BOSTWICK.

April 17th, 1865.

### MILWAUKEE & PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY.

Train leave Janesville as follows:

For Prairie du Chien at:

1:30 p.m.

From Milwaukee at:

1:30 p.m.

From Monroe at:

9:15 a.m.

For Monroe at:

4:30 p.m.

For Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien (freight) 5:30 p.m.

Trains arrive at Janesville as follows:

From Prairie du Chien at:

3:15 p.m.

From Milwaukee at:

1:15 p.m.

From Monroe at:

1:15 p.m.

From Milwaukee at:

1:30 p.m.

For Monroe at:

9:15 a.m.

For Milwaukee & Prairie du Chien (freight) 5:30 p.m.

The 8:35 P. M. train leaves for Prairie du Chien Saturday and not Sunday.

9:15 P. M. train leaves for Milwaukee Saturday night and not Saturday.

W. B. STRONG,

General Agent Southern Wis. D.

GEO. L. DEETLE, Ticket Agent.

### SEIDLITZ POWDERS—A superior article, for sale at the

Beltingham—PEOPLES' DRUG STORE.

### TOILET ARTICLES BRUSHES,

Comb, Porto Mante, Wallets, Pocket Knives,

etc. A good assortment at the

PEOPLES' DRUG STORE.

### ROSSITER'S HAIR RESTORER.

A supply just received and for sale at the

Philadelphian DRUG STORE.

### Business Cards.

BENNETT & CASSIDAY, Attorneys at Law, office Lippincott's Block, Janesville, Wis.

S. F. COLE, Homeopathist and Surgeon. Office and residence five doors south of Baptist Church. Jan'dawly

MILO BLOOMER, Physician and Surgeon, office in Postoffice Building, room No. 1, right hand, up stairs. myidawly82

WILLARD MERRILL, Attorney at Law and United States Court Commissioner. Office, Lippincott's Block, Janesville, Wis.

J. S. BARKER, Physician and Surgeon, office and residence, 4th Avenue and Wall streets. jdbarkaw

W. B. JOHNSON, Dentist, office in Jackman & Smith's block, over the Rock County Bank, Janesville, Wis.

JOHN WINANS, Attorney and Counselor at Law, office under Central Bank, Janesville, Wis. aug9dawly

A. H. HUDSON, Attorney and Counselor at Law, office in Empire Block, Janesville, Wis. June 24th, 1861. jdhawly

J. M. MAY, Attorney and Counselor and Counselor at Law, office in May's block, opposite the Myers House, corner of Main and Milwaukee Streets. jdmaydawly

ELDREDGE & PEASE, Attorneys and Counselors at Law, office in Jackman & Smith's block, Room No. 6, and 6, Janesville, Wis. jepdawly

J. L. LORD, Physician and Surgeon. Office in May's block opposite the Myers House, Residence on the house East of Christ Church. jllorddawly

H. A. PATTERSON, Attorney at Law and Justice of the Peace, Janesville, Wis. Office on Main st. nearly opposite the American Express Office. myidawly

NEW YORK CASH STORE—Smith & Bostwick, Wholesale and Retail dealers in Dry Goods, Crockery, Solar Lamps, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Bonnets, Ready Made Clothing, and every kind of merchandise at the very lowest cash prices. May 7th, 1861. myidawly

COUNTRY SURVEYOR AND CITY ENGINEER—D. Locke, office in Jackman & Smith's block, opposite the Lippincott's Block, Janesville, Wis. N. B. No. 10, the deepest. dlockew

CHICAGO ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Chicago Advertisements.

WASHINGTON WASHER!

Don't buy a Washing machine until you have examined our

### Ten Dollar Washer.

Be WASHINGON MACHINE.

Be WASHINGON MACHINE.